

VOL. XLIII.

PIOCHE, NEVADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1894.

NO. 24.

## Duty on Lead Ores

**Fair Hopes That it Will be Retained.**

**Wild Talk of Secession in Colorado Over the Silver Situation.**

**Silver Down to 48 Cents in London.**

**Decisive Naval Conflict Looked For at Rio Janeiro.**

New York, March 1.—Silver, 80 1/4; Lead, \$3.10.

SALT LAKE, March 1.—Deputy Rawlins returned home unexpectedly from Washington yesterday. Speaking about affairs at Washington he says he can't account for the delay in the admission of Utah to Statehood. He is doubtful about protection to lead but is sanguine on the allotment of land in severalty to the Indians. He thinks the House will have to come to something like the Reed rule in order to transact its business, and in the matter of Utah appointments, he cannot undertake to fathom the intent of the autocrat of the White House.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—A special from Rio Janeiro says: "A great battle, which Peixoto hopes will end Admiral Mello's revolution is expected to take place tomorrow. The government's new fleet is due then. The ironclad 'Tamandare' has been put in trim to run the gauntlet of the forts and doubtless will go outside to aid the 'Aquidaban' and the 'Republica' in an effort to destroy the new fleet before it can enter the harbor."

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Edinburgh News reports that Gladstone has resigned and that the premiership was offered to Rosebery. The Times declares that whatever is done about the premiership it is certain that home rule will be dropped. Gladstone is understood to have proposed to his colleagues not to raise the home rule question by a resolution pledging the House of Commons to take it up at the next session. The proposal has not found favor with the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Hard work day and night for forty-eight hours by friends of lead, seems to have brought about a hopeful result. Senators Shoup and Dubois have made a personal canvass of the Senate Democrats, and now express their belief, that the tariff bill as finally reported will contain a duty of not less than three-fourths of a cent a pound on lead ores.

The only vigorous opponents of a duty on lead ores now are the two Texas Senators and Senator Vest of Missouri, and Bates of Tennessee. After the feeling of the past few days, the present outlook causes general satisfaction. Both of the Western Senators say everything will be all right and that an adequate duty will be put on lead.

Dubois says there need no longer be any fear that the lead mining industry is to be stricken down by this Congress. "A canvass of the Senate" he says "convinces me we shall win even if the bill has to be amended on the floor. We shall fight for one cent on lead ores, one and one-half cents on high lead and on white lead. If the Camp Circular had not come out with its request for three-quarters of a cent on lead ores, we would surely get one cent. As it is we shall get at least three-quarters of a cent, and probably what we ask."

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—The Herald has the following from Georgetown, Colo.: "For several days a petition has been circulating in this vicinity favoring secession of the silver states. It was stated that such a paper was abroad on the streets some time ago but it was not generally believed until yesterday when it was shown to several, who signed it after reading it. It is a movement on the part of a number of cranks to secede from the Union by peaceful means and unite with the Republic of Mexico to the end that silver may be coined freely. The same petition is in circulation in several camps and one was sent to Denver to-day. Mayor Parker is said to be one of the movers in the secession movement. He is an ardent populist, and when asked if he was the author of the petition, said 'I am trying to help out Governor Waite. The people of the silver producing camps are mad enough to do anything, or to sign anything. I could get a couple of hundred to go down to-night to Denver and hang one half of the legislature to lamp posts. They have done nothing. Why don't they pass some measures for our relief. That's what we elect them for. I tell you, we want them to act, you may laugh at our seceding but you just wait a little longer, we don't propose to let the people of the east spit in our faces.'"

Conservative residents deplore the circulation of the paper.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 23.—A special dispatch from Berlin, Germany, to the London Globe, states that the Emperor William of Germany, is directing great attention to the bi-metallist. He desires the Government to take every step possible to prevent a further fall in the price of silver. The action of the German government in looking to a proper recognition of value of the white metal, is causing France and England to open their eyes.

Gladstone who is on record as a strong anti bi-metallist, is about to resign as Premier of Great Britain owing to failing eyesight and inability to longer assume the responsibility of state. Lord Rosebery is named as a possible successor.

A special from Washington last evening says that Senator Allison, who was a delegate to the silver congress to Brussels in 1892, was shown the telegram from Berlin

regarding the attention which Emperor William is giving to bi-metallism. He said "Emperor William, if he is doing that, is showing himself a man of sense. The matter is becoming very important in Germany and already a committee is investigating the subject. Things are working very well for the restoration of silver. The bi-metallist league in England is growing stronger every day."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—At the Presbyterian Ministerial Association meeting yesterday at Philadelphia, Rev. J. G. Bolton and Rev. Dr. J. A. Warden, presented a resolution memorializing the United States Senate and House of Representatives, and vigorously protesting against the admission of Utah as a State, on both political and patriotic grounds. It sets forth that Mormonism is not such a system of religion, as one of politics, and that the practice of polygamy cannot be made to harmonize with the constitution. The resolution was adopted.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 27.—A dispatch from Georgetown, Colo., states that a traitorous petition is being circulated calling upon all the silver states to secede from the Union and join the Republic of Mexico. The petition, which is signed by the Mayor of that city, will be circulated throughout the Western States.

The people of Colorado are on the verge of despair over the silver question and the present situation even by the most conservative, is considered very grave.

The silver situation in London is so serious that it threatens both the Bank of England and the Bank of France.

Yesterday in London silver was quoted at the unprecedentedly low price of 48 cents or 24 pence.

Silver advanced a little yesterday in New York, being quoted at 80 1/4.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—Elections in six municipalities resulted in the return of five Socialists and one Moderate Republican.

The police to-day raided the lodgings of a number of anarchists, two of whom were arrested. A quantity of chlorate powder and documents were seized.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—Another incendiary fire occurred at the World's Fair grounds this morning and as a result the magnificent Agricultural building, pronounced by many good judges the most sumptuous and beautiful of the World's Fair structures, is practically a heap of ruins. The flames were first discovered in the great dome. A large number of fire engines were at once summoned to the scene, but the inflammable nature of the structure caused the fire to spread with great rapidity, under the influence of a stiff breeze, and it was about all the department could do to prevent it spreading to the other structures. The fire succeeded in doing, but the Agricultural building is ruined. The famous bronze statue of Diana, by the sculptor St. Gaudens, which ornamented the dome of the building during the fair, was fortunately removed some days ago, and was set up in the Columbian museum.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 22.—The Coroner's inquest in the case of Mrs. Henrietta Jackson, who died from the effect of chlorine gas at the Cornell freshmen banquet Tuesday night, was begun to-day. Physicians testified that death resulted from some cause not apparent in the post mortem examination. No evidence was obtained as to how the gas was injected into the banquet room or where obtained. The inquest adjourned to March 1st.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 22.—General Aureliano Rivera, who discovered the famous jicma root for the cure of typhus and has been distributing it gratuitously to the poor, has made the discovery that the same root will cure the small pox. The discovery was made accidentally. A preparation had been given to a patient, who supposed he had typhus, but it proved to be small pox. The root worked like a charm however, in rapidly curing the man. General Rivera believes it will cure yellow fever and has sent a package to Vera Cruz for trial there by physicians at the next appearance of the epidemic.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The trial of Joseph F. Blunt, president of the wrecked Madison Square National Bank, on a charge of perjury in swearing to the correctness of the bank statement, resulted this morning in a disagreement of the jury.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 22.—A fire at the corner of Locust and Twelfth streets this evening, caused a loss of \$250,000. Insurance \$200,000.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, who cast one of the twenty-four Republican votes that made the rejection of Peckham's nomination to the Supreme Court a humiliating defeat for Mr. Cleveland, says of his reason for so voting: "There were a large number of protests against Mr. Peckham's confirmation and a great deal of serious testimony as to his not possessing the proper judicial temper, of which his dispatch to Judge Caldwell repudiating in violent language an order of the Court was an unfortunate example. But that which weighed most against him with me was the manner in which patronage appeared to be used by the administration in the attempt to secure votes for his confirmation, joined with the exertion apparently of every sort of influence of which the head of the Government was capable. I cannot conceive of anything worse or more demoralizing than to have confirmation to office secured by appointments to other offices or by threats of removal. Against such methods I propose always to protest and to vote, in accordance with my conception of a plain public duty."

"I've tried all sorts of blood purifiers," said an old lady to a "cutter," "and you can't persuade me that any other Sarsaparilla is as good as Ayer's." There's where she had him. She knew that Ayer's was the best—and so did he, but it paid him better to sell a cheaper brand.

## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of THE RECORD.

WASHINGTON, February 21, 1894.

Mr. Cleveland has been howling mad ever since Peckham was rejected, and he is just as mad with the cuckoo Democrats who voted for confirmation as he is with the Democrats who for rejection. He is mad with the cuckoo because he charges them with having deceived him up to the time the vote was taken by claiming to have the pledges of a majority of the Senators to vote for confirmation. His first move after Peckham's defeat was to attempt to prevent any amendment favored by any one of the fifteen Democratic Senators who voted against Peckham being included in the amended tariff bill, but inasmuch as two out of the three members of the sub-committee—Jones of Arkansas, and Vest—voted against Peckham he did not meet with much success in that project. What his next step will be is somewhat doubtful, but even the cuckoo do not expect it to be anything calculated to heal the gaping Democratic wounds left by the rejection of Horublower and Peckham. Nothing would be easier than for him to nominate a Democrat to the Supreme Court vacancy who would be at once confirmed without a single adverse vote, but he prefers to drag his personal fights into the Senate in his effort to humiliate Hill. So far the humiliation has been his own and he neither deserves nor gets any sympathy.

There is a tariff fight going on among the Democratic Senators that is quite as bitter as that between the Cleveland and Hill men, although there is more effort made to keep it secret. It was this fight which prevented the tariff bill being reported to the Finance Committee last week. A week ago members of the sub-committee stated that the bill was ready to be reported. The reason it was not reported was the concerted demand of a number of Democratic Senators for additional amendments giving certain industries in their states protection. The fight got so warm at one time that the sub-committee informed those Senators that it would report the bill just as it came from the House and they could support it or not just as they pleased. Of course this was merely a bluff against a bluff. Senator Voorhees has told the Republican members of the Senate finance committee the bill will be reported to the committee at its regular meeting tomorrow, but it is not at all certain that it will be. Democratic Senators are beginning to express doubts among themselves as to their ability to so patch up the bill that it will receive the votes of all the Democrats in the Senate.

Senator Morgan has completed a report on the Hawaiian investigation made by a sub-committee of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, but it will not be made public until the full committee has acted upon it. It has been read to the sub-committee and the Republican members thereof informed Mr. Morgan that if he would make certain changes in the report they would sign it. It is understood that the tone of the report is antagonistic to the restoration policy of Mr. Cleveland.

Mr. Bland has not yet succeeded in getting his bill for the coinage of the seigniorage passed by the House, owing to the refusal of those opposed to vote to make a quorum, but he will probably have a quorum of the friends of the bill on hand early this week and the bill will then be passed.

For many years the Woman's Suffrage Association has held its annual conventions in Washington, but at the one just closed it was decided to hold the 1895 convention at Atlanta, Ga. The Southern members of Congress appear to regard this decision as a joke.

An Offer of 2,500 Sheep Refused.

An offer of 2,500 sheep for nothing being refused is recorded by a Sydney paper. This occurred in the Riverina, New South Wales, where, in consequence of the drought, the land is greatly overstocked. In the case mentioned the sheep had been shorn, and as the selector, to whom they were offered, had no spare feed or water for them, they were killed and their carcasses burned. In other cases sheep have been skinned, their carcasses having been burned, as the skins were worth more than the sheep were alive. One lot, sent by rail some distance, did not realize enough to pay expenses.

The Sweetest Smelling Place on Earth.

The Prince and Princess of Bulgaria are now on their way to Keszanlik, which is beyond all dispute the sweetest smelling place on earth. It lies on the upper Tundja, near the foot of the Shipka pass, in a valley full of rosefields. Keszanlik is the chief seat of the industry in attar of roses. It takes 20,000 of the roses that grow in that valley to yield, by distillation, as much genuine attar or otto of roses as equals in weight a 2 shilling piece. Now is the time that the roses are in full bloom, and the prince and princess are going there to see and to smell.

A World's Fair Excursion.

A novel World's fair excursion passed through Delaware county yesterday, en route from Cincinnati to Chicago. It consisted of a party of five young men in a covered wagon. Underneath the vehicle tramped five dogs. On the wagon was inscribed: "In God we trust. Chicago or bust!"

The excursionists seemed happy and expect to sell the dogs for enough to pay the expenses of the party.—Indianapolis Journal.

Steve Brodie Going on the Stage.

Steve Brodie, pugilist, bridge jumper, saloon keeper and philanthropist, is going to try his wings on the histrionic atmosphere. R. V. Stevens has written a play for him called "On the Bowery," and the redoubtable Brodie is making preparations for a starring tour. He will begin active operations early in the autumn. His New York debut will be made in a Bowery theater.

## PIOCHE Drug Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the people of Pioche and Lincoln County that their New Drug Store, on Main street two doors north of the double Mercantile Store, is now open with a new stock.

Chemicals.  
Drugs,  
Medicines  
Toilet Articles,  
PERFUMERY,  
HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.  
SOAP, SPONGES, ETC., ETC.

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Philadelphia Brewery Saloon

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Keeps on hand a Better Grade of

LIQUORS and CIGARS  
than any house in town.

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BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

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Notary Public.

Office in MASONIC HALL, PIOCHE

Delinquent Tax Notice.

Auditor's Office:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE deposited with the District Attorney, in and for Lincoln County, Nevada, a certified list of all delinquent taxes for the year A. D. 1893, the delinquency of which, exclusive of Poll Taxes and Penalties, exceeds the sum of three hundred dollars, and that unless the delinquent taxes therein specified, are paid to the Treasurer as ex-Officio Tax Receiver within twenty days from the publication hereof, action will be commenced by the said District Attorney for the collection of said taxes and costs.

H. W. TURNER, County Auditor,  
By ALICE L. HARRISON, Deputy.  
Dated, Pioche, Nevada, Dec. 29, 1893.

SUMMONS.

In Justice's Court, Pioche Township, of the County of Lincoln, State of Nevada.  
J. Eisenmann Plaintiff, against Thomas Taylor Defendant.

The State of Nevada to Thomas Taylor, Greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Pioche Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office in Pioche, on the 17th day of February A. D. 1894, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint of J. Eisenmann wherein he claims to recover from you the sum of thirty-two and fifty-one hundredths dollars (\$32.51) on account of heretofore stated between you and said plaintiff for goods, wares and merchandise heretofore sold and delivered to you by plaintiff at your special instance and request as fully set forth in Plaintiff's complaint on file in my office.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for the said sum of \$32.51 together with costs of suit.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 16th day of December, A. D. 1893.

A. A. YOUNG,  
Justice of the Peace, County and State aforesaid.

SUMMONS.

In Justice's Court Helene Township, of the County of Nevada, State of Nevada.  
Daniel Roeder, Plaintiff, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinson, Defendants.

You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Helene Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office in Helene on the 24th day of February A. D. 1894, at two o'clock p. m. of that day, to answer the complaint of Daniel Roeder, filed in this office, wherein Daniel Roeder claims to recover from you the sum of one hundred and fifty-four and thirty-seven one hundredths dollars as a balance due on account for goods and merchandise heretofore sold and delivered to you at your request, as fully set forth in Plaintiff's complaint on file in my office.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for said sum of one hundred and fifty-four and thirty-seven one hundredths dollars and costs of suit.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 18th day of December, A. D. 1893.

SAMUEL REED,  
Justice of Peace of said Township.  
Helene, Nevada, Dec. 15, 1893.—7

## "Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.

I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

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I. O. O. F.

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J. D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

A. O. U. W.

PIOCHE LODGE NO. 26.

THE REGULAR MEETING OF Pioche Lodge No. 26, A. O. U. W., are held in Odd Fellows' Hall every Wednesday evening, commencing at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Visiting Brothers cordially invited to attend.

J. A. CLARK, Recorder. H. J. GOODRICH, M. W.

F. & A. M.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE NO. 18.

MEETS THE FOURTH SATURDAY in each month at Masonic Hall, on Lacour street. All visiting Brothers in good standing are invited to attend.

T. J. OSBORNE, Secretary. E. D. TURNER, M. W.

DR. A. BJORNSON,

Physician and Surgeon

Office and Residence, at former residence of John Shier, Meadow Valley St., Pioche, - - Nevada.

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